2023 Annual Drinking water Report North Lumberton Utility PWS#0370007

Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. All detects are well below the standards set forth by E.P.A. and M.S.D.H.

Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791). Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

Where does my water come from?

Baxterville wells pump water from a local aquifer called the Hattiesburg aquifer.

North Lumberton and Springhill wells pump water from a major aquifer called the miocene/citranelle aquifer.

Source water assessment and its availability

Source water assessments for our water wells are available at the office. Baxterville's well ranking = Higher

North Lumberton well ranking = Moderate

Springhill/Poplarville ranking = Moderate

Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

How can I get involved?

Contact us if you see anything unusual near or around our water facilities.

Other Information

If you have any questions concerning this year water quality report contact Greg Martin at 601/796-4941.

VOTER BALLOT:

A ballot for election of officers has been included with this report. Please vote for three and return to our office by September 9, 2024.

ANNUAL MEETING:

The annual meeting of North Lumberton Utility will be held at the office at 410 North Front St., Lumberton Ms. on September 10, 2024 at 5:00pm.

PAYMENT METHODS:

North Lumberton Utility offers a wide variety of convenient payment options for our customers. Simply choose the option that best suits your needs.

ONLINE BILL PAY: Please click the following link to quickly and securely pay your bill online at MSEZPAY.COM and click on the utility bill payment option. Enter you water bill account number then from the drop down list choose North Lumberton Utility. **PAYMENT BY MAIL:** If paying by check or money order through the mail, please send all payments with your payment coupon. To avoid late fees, please mail your payment at least five-seven business days before the due date specified on your bill.**AUTOMATIC DRAFT:** The worry-free way to pay your water bill. With this service, the amount of your monthly bill is automatically deducted from your bank account and credited to your utility account. There is no set-up fee or charge associated with this method of payment. To set up Automated Bank Draft, contact the office and we'll give you the forms to set this up. **PAYMENT DROP OFF:** You may pay your bill in person at our office address. We accept cash, check, or money orders.

DRIVE BY METERS:

New drive by meters are being installed for all customers. This is an ongoing project and will start around June 2024 and finish up before October 2024. All customers should expect their meter to be changed out during this time.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Springhill Water/ North Lumberton Utility is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Additional Information for Arsenic

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

Water Quality Data Table

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

			Detect	ct Range					
Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	In Your Water	Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source	
Disinfectants & Disinfection By-Products									
(There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants)									
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.5	NA	NA	2023	No	Water additive used to control microbes	
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	1	NA	NA	2023	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	7.69	NA	NA	2023	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
Inorganic Contaminants									
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	4	0	3.8	2022	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes	

						Range					
Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MC TT, MR	or Y	in our ater	Low	High	San Da	-	Violation	Туріс	al Source
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.0	26	.0105	.0262	20	22	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	.1	78	NA	.178	20	22	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factorie	
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	10	10) .4	-21	.08	.584	20	23	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	
Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	1	1		02	.02	.02	20	23	No	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits	
Selenium (ppb)	50	5() N	IA	NA	NA	2023 No		No		
Sodium (optional) (ppm)	NA	76.2		5.2	NA	NA	20	2022 No		Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching, water treatment	
Microbiological Contaminants											
Fecal Indicator - E. coli at the source (positive samples)	0	0		0	NA	NA	2023		No	Human and animal fecal waste	
Radioactive Contamin	nants						•				
Uranium (ug/L)	0	30) .	5	NA	NA	20	21	No	Erosion of nat	ural deposits
Contaminants M		MCLG	AL	Your Wate		-		Samples eeding AL	Exceeds AL	Typical Source	
Inorganic Contaminants											
Lead - action level at cons	sumer taps (ppb)	0	15	NA	20	23			No	

Unit Descriptions							
Term	Definition						
ug/L	ug/L : Number of micrograms of substance in one liter of water						
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)						
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)						
NA	NA: not applicable						
ND	ND: Not detected						
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.						
positive samples	positive samples/yr: The number of positive samples taken that year						

Important Drinking Water Definitions					
Term	Definition				
MICIG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.				

Important Drinking Water Definitions				
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.			
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.			
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.			
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.			
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.			
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.			
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated			
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level			

For more information please contact:

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